

Gate Turn-off Thyristor

DS4096-5 July 2014 (LN31733)

FEATURES

- Double Side Cooling
- High Reliability In Service
- High Voltage Capability
- Fault Protection Without Fuses
- High Surge Current Capability
- Turn-off Capability Allows Reduction In Equipment Size And Weight. Low Noise Emission Reduces Acoustic Cladding Necessary For Environmental Requirements

APPLICATIONS

- Variable speed A.C. motor drive inverters (VSD-AC)
- Uninterruptable Power Supplies
- High Voltage Converters
- Choppers
- Welding
- Induction Heating
- DC/DC Converters

KEY PARAMETERS 3000A I_{TCM} V_{DRM} 4500V 1180A dΫ_D/dt di_T/dt 1000V/μs

300A/μs

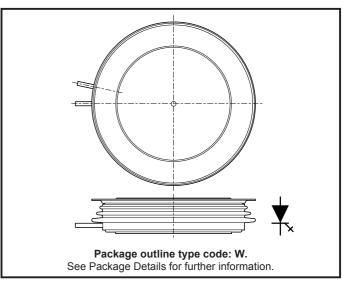


Figure 1. Package outline

VOLTAGE RATINGS

Type Number	Repetitive Peak Off-state Voltage V _{DRM} V	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage V _{RRM} V	Conditions
DG858BW45	4500	16	$T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}C, I_{DM} = 100mA,$ $I_{RRM} = 50mA$

CURRENT RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I _{TCM}	Repetitive peak controllable on-state current	$V_D = 66\% V_{DRM}, T_j = 125^{\circ}C, di_{GQ}/dt = 40A/\mu s, Cs = 3\mu F$	3000	Α
I _{T(AV)}	Mean on-state current	T _{HS} = 80°C. Double side cooled, half sine 50Hz	1180	А
I _{T(RMS)}	RMS on-state current	T_{HS} = 80°C. Double side cooled, half sine 50Hz	1850	Α

SURGE RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
I _{TSM}	Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current	10ms half sine. T _j = 125°C	20.0	kA
l²t	I ² t for fusing	10ms half sine. T _j =125°C	2.0 x 10 ⁶	A²s
di _⊤ /dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current	$V_D = 3000V, I_T = 3000A, T_j = 125$ °C, $I_{FG} > 40A$, Rise time $> 1.0 \mu s$	300	A/μs
al\	Data of vice of off state valtage	To 66% V_{DRM} ; $R_{GK} \le 1.5Ω$, $T_j = 125°C$	130	V/μs
dV _□ /dt	Rate of rise of off-state voltage	To 66% V _{DRM} ; V _{RG} = -2V, T _j = 125°C	1000	V/µs
L _s	Peak stray inductance in snubber circuit	$I_T = 3000A$, $V_D = V_{DRM}$, $T_j = 125$ °C, $dI/_{GQ} = 40A/_{DS}$, $Cs = 3.0\mu F$	200	nΗ

GATE RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
V _{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	This value maybe exceeded during turn-of	-	16	V
l _{FGM}	Peak forward gate current		20	100	Α
P _{FG(AV)}	Average forward gate power		-	20	W
P _{RGM}	Peak reverse gate power		-	24	kW
di _{GQ} /dt	Rate of rise of reverse gate current		20	60	A/μs
t _{ON(min)}	Minimum permissable on time		50	-	μs
t _{OFF(min)}	Minimum permissable off time		100	-	μs

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Max.	Units
$R_{th(j-hs)}$	DC thermal resistance - junction to heatsink surface	Double side cooled		-	0.011	°C/W
		Anode side cooled		-	0.017	°C/W
		Cathode side cooled		-	0.03	°C/W
$R_{\text{th(c-hs)}}$	Contact thermal resistance	Clamping force 40.0kN With mounting compound	per contact	-	0.0021	°C/W
T _{vj}	Virtual junction temperature			-40	125	°C
$T_{\rm OP}/T_{\rm stg}$	Operating junction/storage temperature range			-40	125	°C
-	Clamping force			36.0	44.0	kN

CHARACTERISTICS

T _j = 125°C unless stated otherwise						
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units	
V_{TM}	On-state voltage	At 4000A peak, I _{G(ON)} = 10A d.c.	-	4.0	V	
I _{DM}	Peak off-state current	V _{DRM} = 4500V, V _{RG} = 0V	-	100	mA	
I _{RRM}	Peak reverse current	At V _{RRM}	-	50	mA	
$V_{\rm GT}$	Gate trigger voltage	$V_{D} = 24V, I_{T} = 100A, T_{j} = 25^{\circ}C$	-	1.2	V	
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	$V_D = 24V, I_T = 100A, T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	-	4.0	А	
I _{RGM}	Reverse gate cathode current	V _{RGM} = 16V, No gate/cathode resistor	-	50	mA	
E _{on}	Turn-on energy	V _D = 2000V	-	2700	mJ	
t _d	Delay time	$I_{T} = 3000A$, $dI_{T}/dt = 300A/\mu s$	-	2.0	μs	
t _r	Rise time	I_{FG} = 40A, rise time < 1.0 μ s	-	6.0	μs	
E _{OFF}	Turn-off energy		-	13500	mJ	
t _{gs}	Storage time		-	25.0	μs	
t _{gf}	Fall time	$I_{T} = 3000A, V_{DM} = V_{DRM}$	-	2.5	μs	
t _{gq}	Gate controlled turn-off time	Snubber Cap Cs = 3.0μF,	-	27.5	μs	
$Q_{_{\mathrm{GQ}}}$	Turn-off gate charge	$di_{GQ}/dt = 40A/\mu s$	-	12000	μС	
Q_{GQT}	Total turn-off gate charge		-	24000	μС	
I _{GQM}	Peak reverse gate current		-	950	А	

CURVES

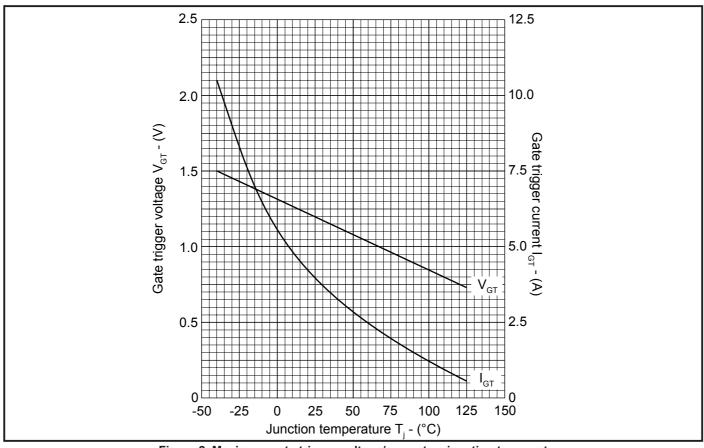


Figure 2. Maximum gate trigger voltage/current vs junction temperature

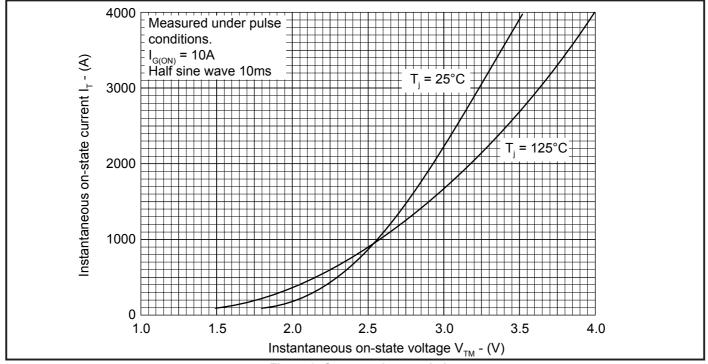


Figure 3. On-state characteristics

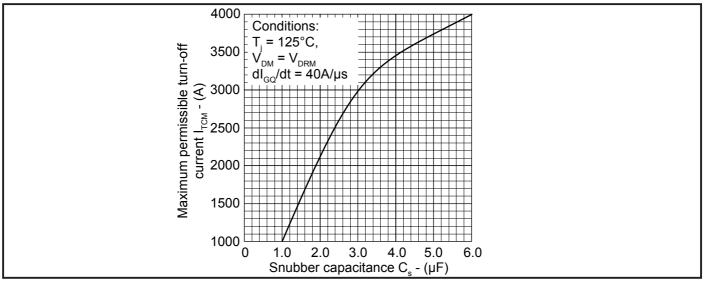


Figure 4. Maximum dependence of I_{TCM} on Cs

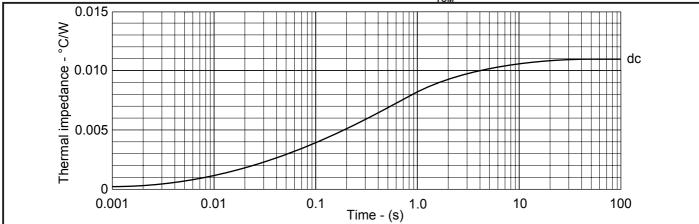


Figure 5. Maximum (limit) transient thermal impedance - double side cooled

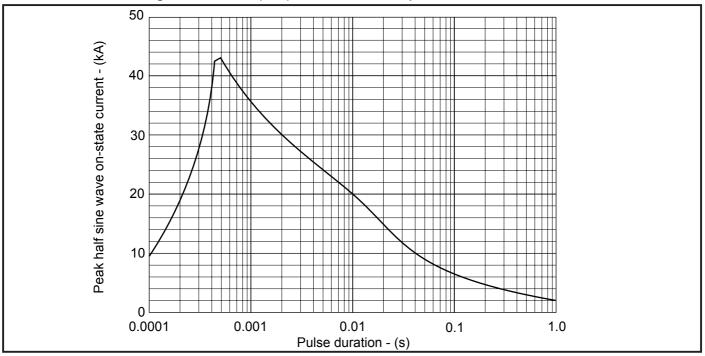


Figure 6. Surge (non-repetitive) on-state current vs time

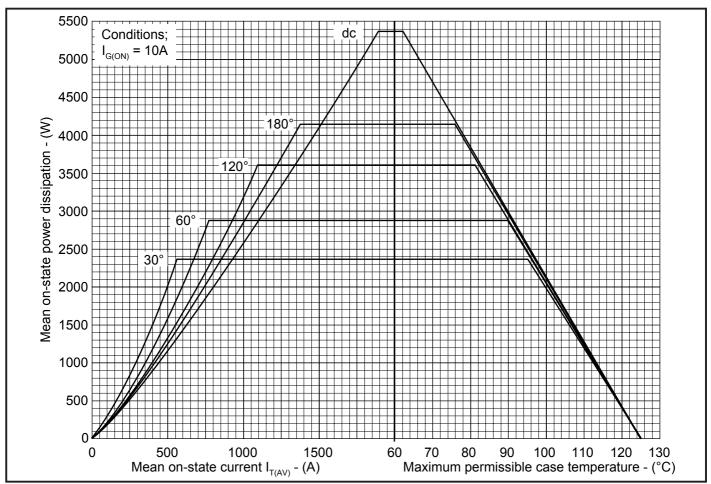


Figure 7. Steady state rectangular wave conduction loss - double side cooled

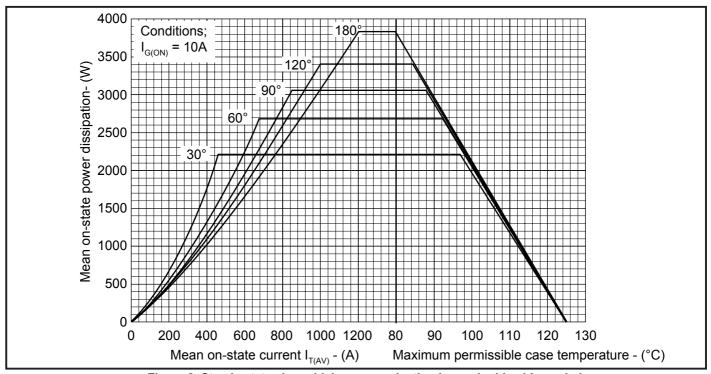


Figure 8. Steady state sinusoidal wave conduction loss - double side cooled

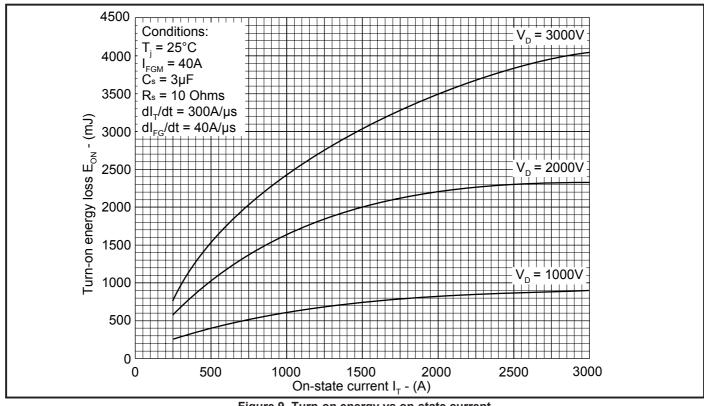


Figure 9. Turn-on energy vs on-state current

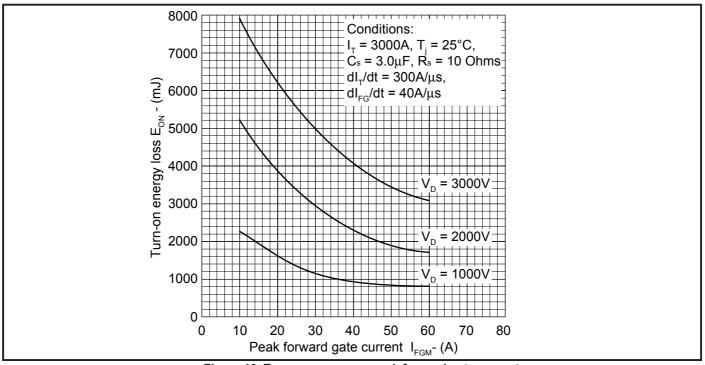


Figure 10. Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

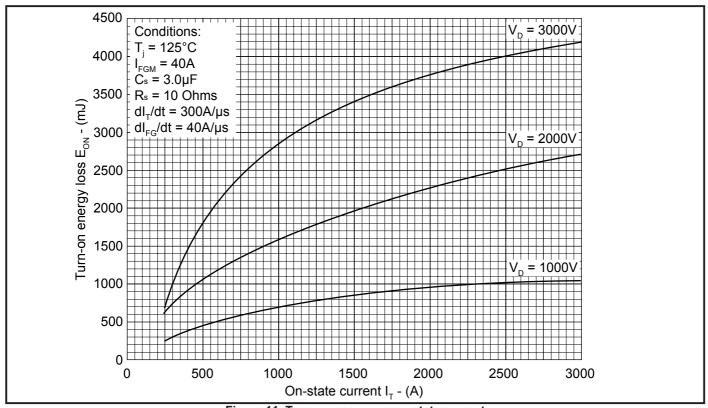


Figure 11. Turn-on energy vs on-state current

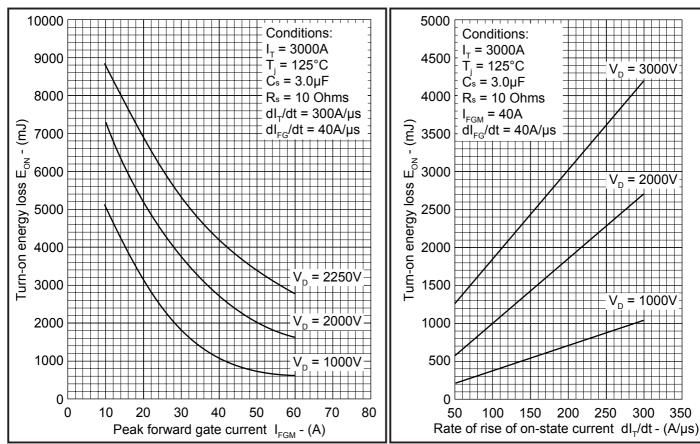


Figure 12. Turn-on energy vs peak forward gate current

Figure 13. Turn-on energy vs rate of rise of on-state current

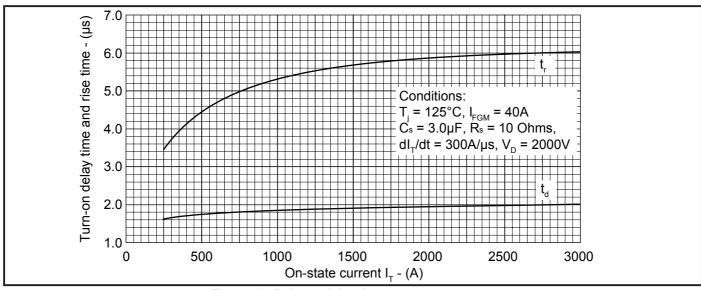


Fig.ure 14. Delay and rise time vs on-state current

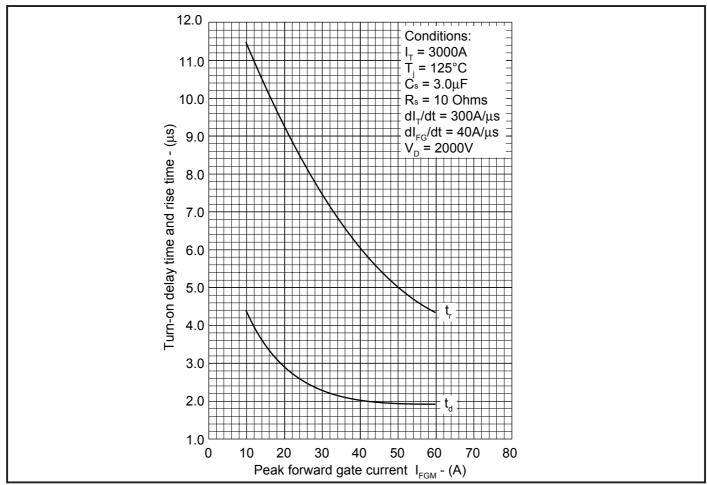


Figure 15. Delay and rise time vs peak forward gate current

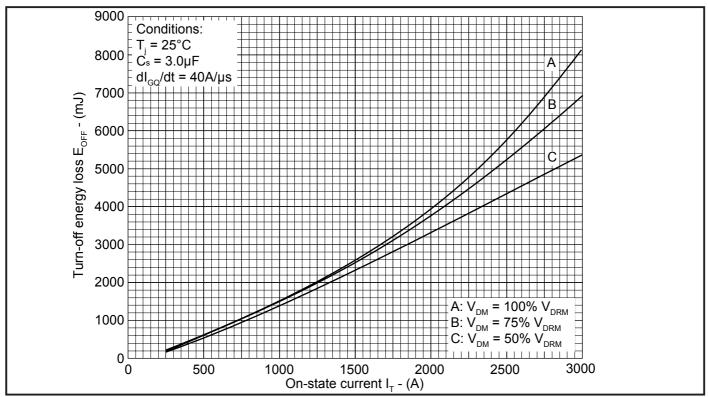


Figure 16. Turn-off energy loss vs on-state current

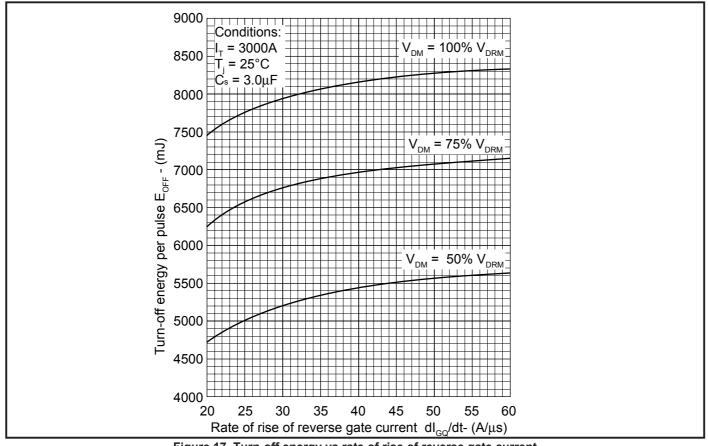


Figure 17. Turn-off energy vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

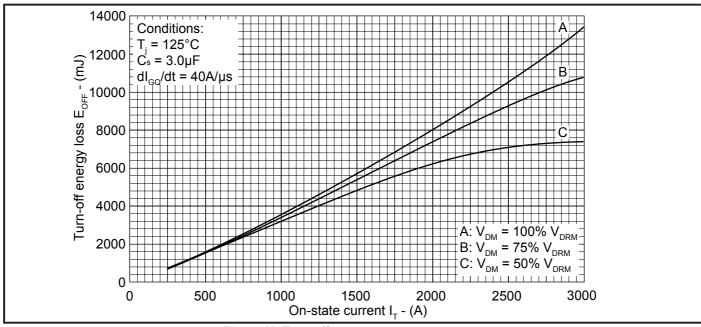


Figure 18. Turn-off energy vs on-state current

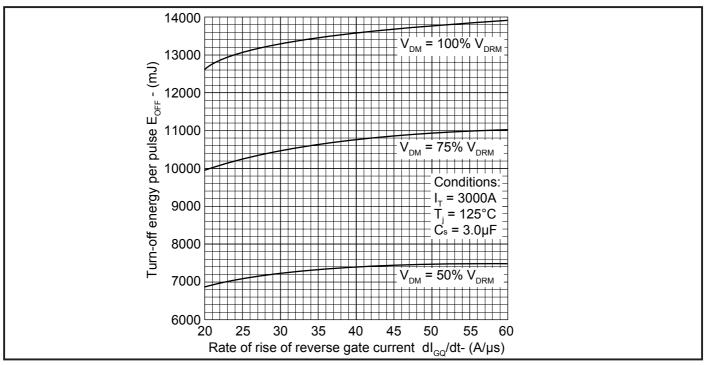


Figure 19. Turn-off energy loss vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

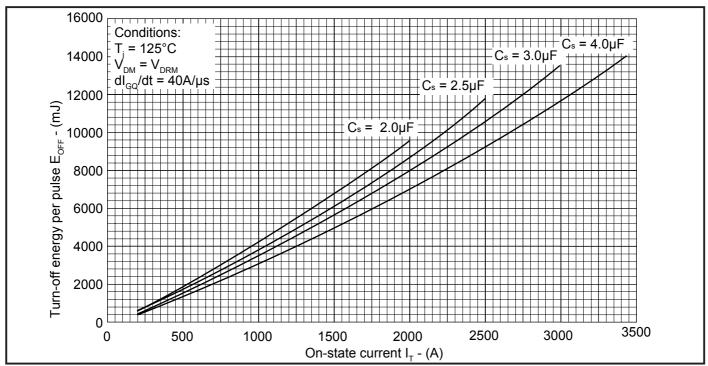


Figure 20. Turn-off energy vs on-state current

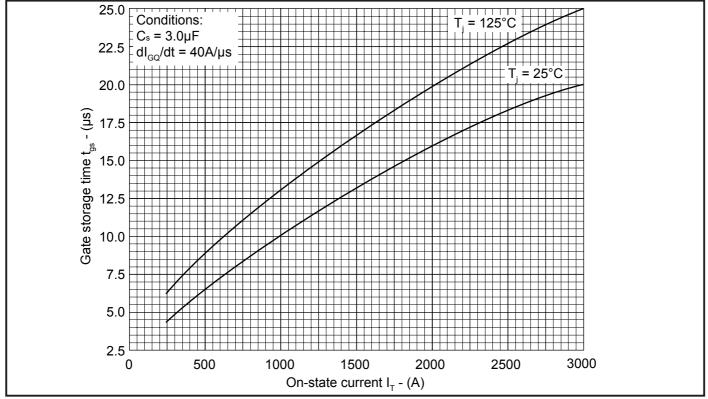


Figure 21. Gate storage time vs on-state current

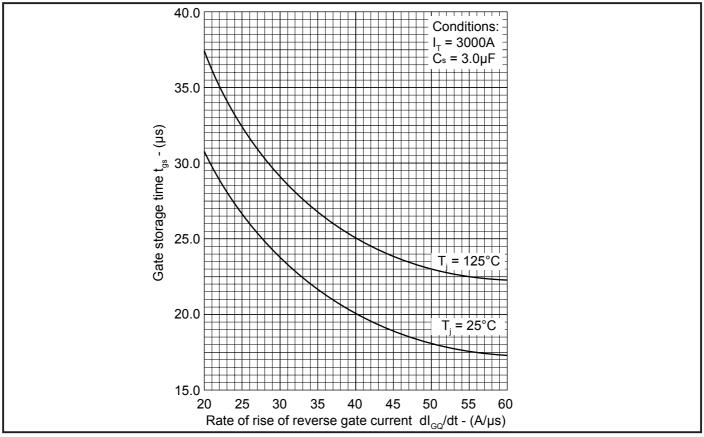


Figure 22. Gate storage time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

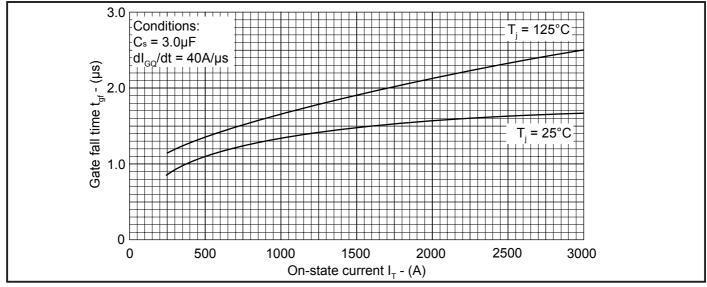


Figure 23. Gate fall time vs on-state current

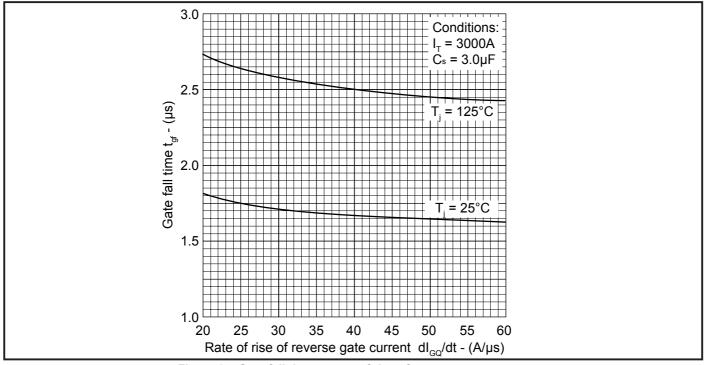


Figure 24. Gate fall time vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

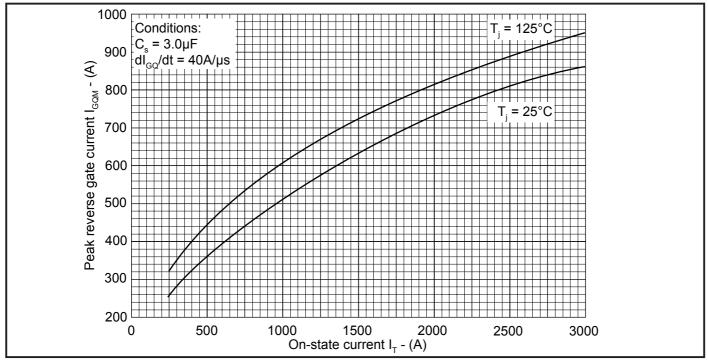


Figure 25. Peak reverse gate current vs on-state current

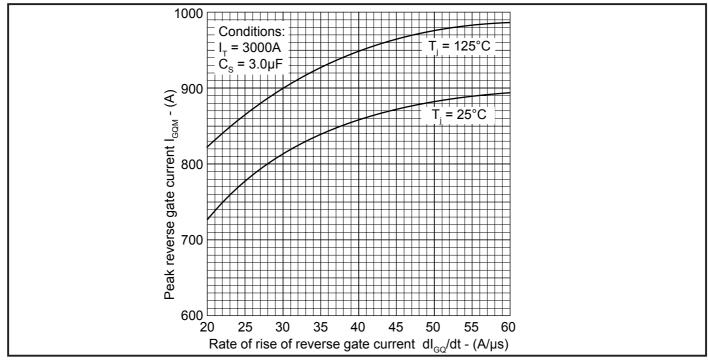


Figure 26. Reverse gate current vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

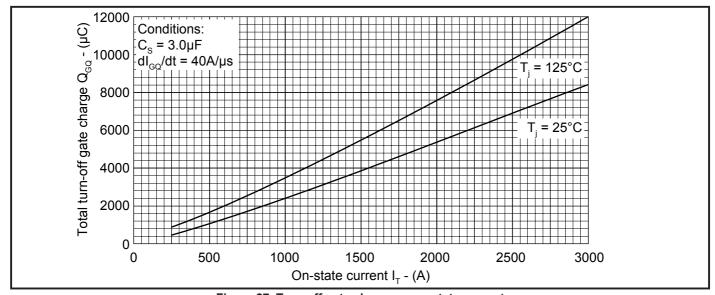


Figure 27. Turn-off gate charge vs on-state current

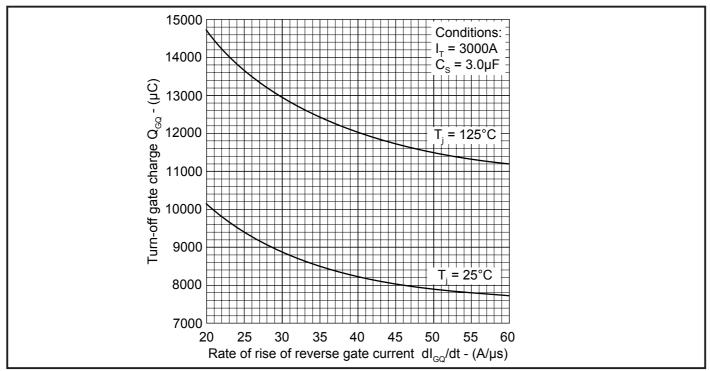


Figure 28. Turn-off gate charge vs rate of rise of reverse gate current

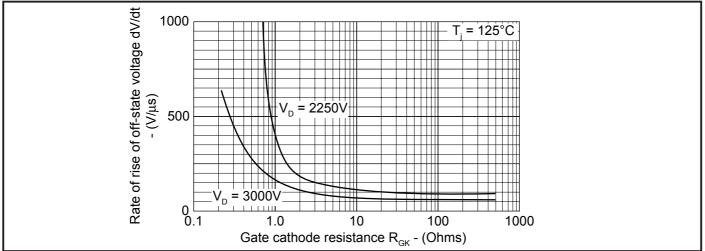


Figure 29. Rate of rise of off-state voltage vs gate cathode resistance

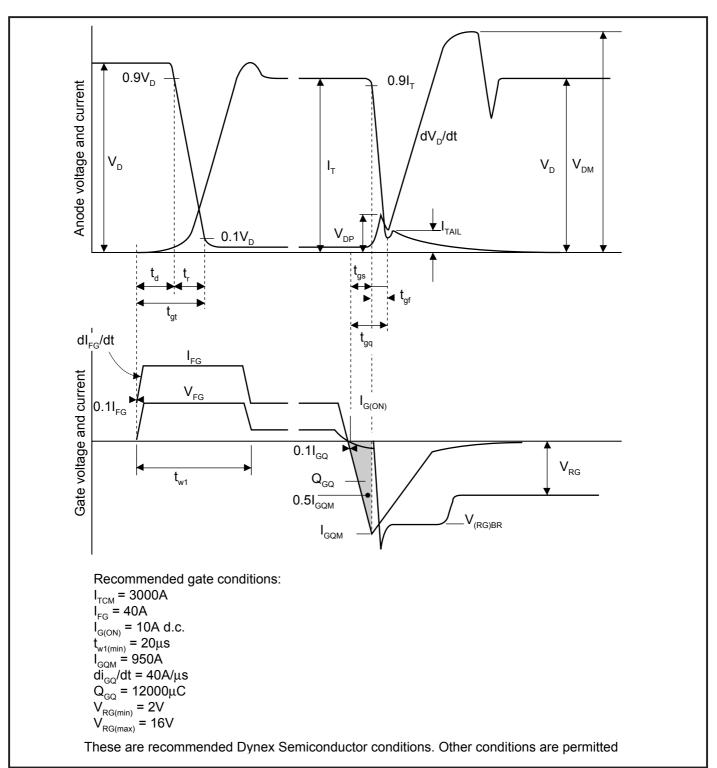
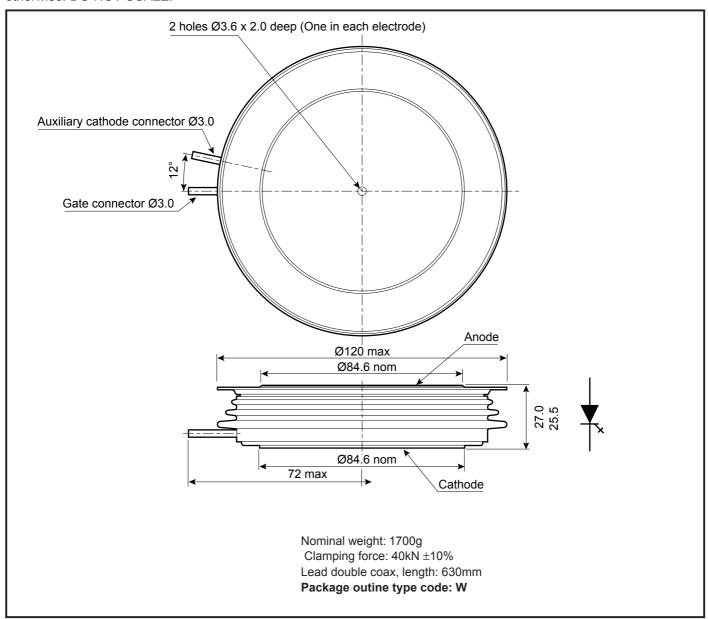


Figure 30. General switching waveforms

PACKAGE DETAILS

For further package information, please contact your local Customer Service Centre. All dimensions in mm, unless stated otherwise. DO NOT SCALE.



ASSOCIATED PUBLICATIONS

Title	Application Note	_
	Number	
Calculating the junction temperature or power semiconductors	AN4506	
GTO gate drive units	AN4571	
Recommendations for clamping power semiconductors	AN4839	
Use of V_{TO} , r_{T} on-state characteristic	AN5001	
Impoved gate drive for GTO series connections	AN5177	



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